## IN THE CLAIMS

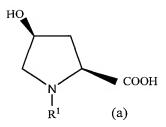
Please amend the claims as follows:

Claim 1 (Currently Amended): A method for producing a compound represented by formula (f):

[F6]

(wherein R<sup>1</sup> represents a protecting group for the amino group, R<sup>2</sup> represents a lower alkyl group, and R<sup>4</sup> represents an alkyl group which may be substituted or an aralkyl group which may be substituted), eharacterized by comprising reacting an alkyl halide with a compound represented by formula (a):

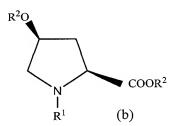
[F1]



(wherein R<sup>1</sup> has the same meaning as defined above)

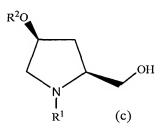
in the presence of a base to thereby produce a compound represented by formula (b):

[F2]



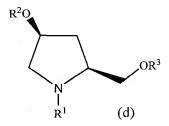
(wherein  $R^1$  and  $R^2$  have the same meanings as defined above); reacting a reducing agent with the compound represented by formula (b) to thereby produce a compound represented by formula (c):

[F3]



(wherein R<sup>1</sup> and R<sup>2</sup> have the same meanings as defined above); reacting the compound represented by formula (c) with an arylsulfonyl halide which may be substituted or an alkylsulfonyl halide which may be substituted in the presence of a base to thereby produce a compound represented by formula (d):

[F4]



(wherein R<sup>1</sup> and R<sup>2</sup> have the same meanings as defined above, and R<sup>3</sup> represents an arylsulfonyl group which may be substituted or an alkylsulfonyl group which may be substituted); and reacting the compound represented by formula (d) with a compound represented by formula (e):

[F5]

$$M(O - COOR^4)$$
n

(e)

(wherein R<sup>4</sup> has the same meaning as defined above, M represents an alkali metal atom or an alkaline earth metal atom, and n denotes an integer of 1 or 2).

Claim 2 (Original): A method according to claim 1, wherein R<sup>1</sup> represents a benzyloxycarbonyl group.

Claim 3 (Original): A method according to claim 1 or 2, wherein R<sup>2</sup> represents a methyl group or an ethyl group.

Claim 4 (Currently Amended): A method according to any one of claims 1 to 3 claim 1 or 2, wherein R<sup>3</sup> represents a para-toluenesulfonyl group or a methanesulfonyl group.

Claim 5 (Currently Amended): A method according to any one of claims 1 to 4 claim 1 or 2, wherein the arylsulfonyl halide or the alkylsulfonyl halide is an arylsulfonyl chloride or an alkylsulfonyl chloride.

Claim 6 (Withdrawn): An oxalic acid salt of the compound represented by formula (g).

Claim 7 (Withdrawn): A method for producing a compound represented by formula (1):

[F12]

(wherein R<sup>2</sup> represents a lower alkyl group, and R<sup>4</sup> represents an alkyl group which may be substituted or an aralkyl group which may be substituted), characterized by comprising reducing a compound represented by formula (h):

[F8]

$$R^2O$$

$$\downarrow N$$

$$\downarrow N$$

$$\downarrow R^5$$
(h)

(wherein R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> have the same meanings as defined above, and R<sup>5</sup> represents a hydrogen atom or a protecting group for the amino group) to thereby produce a compound represented by formula (i):

[F9]

$$R^2O$$

$$(i)$$

$$R^5$$

(wherein R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>4</sup>, and R<sup>5</sup> have the same meanings as defined above); treating the compound represented by formula (i) with a base in an aprotic polar solvent and then reacting with water to thereby produce a compound represented by formula (j):

[F10]

(wherein R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>5</sup> have the same meanings as defined above); and treating the compound represented by formula (j) with an acid in the presence of an alcohol to thereby produce a compound represented by formula (k):

[F11]

(wherein R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> have the same meanings as defined above); and treating the compound represented by formula (k) with camphorsulfonic acid to thereby form an acid adduct salt so that an isomer of interest can be isolated.

Claim 8 (Withdrawn): A method for producing a compound represented by formula (1):

[F16]

(wherein R<sup>2</sup> represents a lower alkyl group, and R<sup>4</sup> represents an alkyl group which may be substituted or an aralkyl group which may be substituted), characterized by comprising reducing a compound represented by formula (h):

[F13]

(wherein R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> have the same meanings as defined above, and R<sup>5</sup> represents a hydrogen atom or a protecting group for the amino group) to thereby produce a compound represented by formula (i):

$$R^2O$$

$$(i)$$

$$R^5$$

(wherein R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>4</sup>, and R<sup>5</sup> have the same meanings as defined above); treating the compound represented by formula (i) with a base in an aprotic polar solvent and then reacting with water to thereby produce a compound represented by formula (j):

$$\mathbb{R}^{2}$$
O COOH

(wherein R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>5</sup> have the same meanings as defined above); and treating the compound represented by formula (j) with camphorsulfonic acid to thereby form an acid adduct salt so that an isomer of interest can be isolated.

Claim 9 (Withdrawn): A method for producing a compound represented by formula (l):

(wherein R<sup>2</sup> represents a lower alkyl group, and R<sup>4</sup> represents an alkyl group which may be substituted or an aralkyl group which may be substituted), characterized by comprising reducing a compound represented by formula (h):

(wherein R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> have the same meanings as defined above, and R<sup>5</sup> represents a hydrogen atom or a protecting group for the amino group) to thereby produce a compound represented by formula (i):

## [F18]

$$R^2O$$

$$(i)$$

$$R^5$$

(wherein R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>4</sup>, and R<sup>5</sup> have the same meanings as defined above); treating the compound represented by formula (i) with a base in an aprotic polar solvent and then reacting with water to thereby produce a compound represented by formula (j):

## [F19]

(wherein R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>5</sup> have the same meanings as defined above); isolating the compound represented by formula (j) as a salt and then treating the salt with an acid in the presence of an alcohol to thereby produce a compound represented by formula (k):

[F20]

$$R^{2}O$$
 $N$ 
 $(k)$ 

(wherein R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> have the same meanings as defined above); and treating the compound represented by formula (k) with camphorsulfonic acid to thereby form an acid adduct salt so that an isomer of interest can be isolated.

Claim 10 (Withdrawn): A method for producing a compound represented by formula (l):

[F25]

$$R^{2}O$$
 $N$ 
 $H$ 
 $(I)$ 

(wherein R<sup>2</sup> represents a lower alkyl group, and R<sup>4</sup> represents an alkyl group which may be substituted or an aralkyl group which may be substituted), characterized by comprising reducing a compound represented by formula (h):

[F22]

$$R^2O$$
COOR<sup>4</sup>

$$R^5$$
(h)

(wherein R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> have the same meanings as defined above, and R<sup>5</sup> represents a hydrogen atom or a protecting group for the amino group) to thereby produce a compound represented by formula (i):

[F23]

$$R^2O$$

$$(i)$$

$$COOR^4$$

$$(i)$$

(wherein R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>4</sup>, and R<sup>5</sup> have the same meanings as defined above); treating the compound represented by formula (i) with a base in an aprotic polar solvent and then reacting with water to thereby produce a compound represented by formula (j):

[F24]

$$\mathbb{R}^{2}$$
OCOOH

(wherein R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>5</sup> have the same meanings as defined above); isolating the compound represented by formula (j) as a salt and then treating the compound with camphorsulfonic acid to thereby produce an acid adduct salt so that an isomer of interest can be isolated.

Claim 11 (Withdrawn): A method according to any one of claims 7 to 10, wherein the compound represented by formula (h) is a compound produced through a method according to claim 1, a compound produced through removal of the protecting group for the amino group of a compound produced through a method according to claim 1, or a compound produced through removal of the protecting group for the amino group of a compound produced through a method according to claim 1 and then protection of the amino group with a protecting group which differs from the removed protecting group.

Claim 12 (Withdrawn): A method according to any one of claims 7 to 11, wherein R<sup>5</sup> represents a tert-butoxycarbonyl group.

Claim 13 (Withdrawn): A method according to any one of claims 7 to 12, wherein R<sup>4</sup> represents a methyl group or an ethyl group.

Claim 14 (Withdrawn): A method according to any one of claims 7 to 13, wherein the base is sodium hydride, lithium hydride, or potassium t-butoxide.

Claim 15 (Withdrawn): A method according to any one of claims 7 to 14, wherein the aprotic polar solvent is N,N-dimethylformamide or N,N-dimethylacetamide.

Claim 16 (Withdrawn): A camphorsulfonic acid salt of the compound represented by formula (m).

[F26]

Claim 17 (Withdrawn): A method for producing a compound represented by formula (o):

[F29]

(wherein R<sup>2</sup> represents a lower alkyl group, R<sup>4</sup> represents an alkyl group which may be substituted or an aralkyl group which may be substituted, X represents a hydrogen atom or a halogen atom, and Y represents a halogen atom or a lower alkoxy group), characterized by comprising reacting a compound represented by formula (l):

[F27]

$$R^{2}O$$

$$N$$

$$H$$

$$(1)$$

(wherein  $R^2$  and  $R^4$  have the same meanings as defined above) produced through a method according to any one of claims 7 to 10, with a compound represented by formula (n):

[F28]

$$\bigcap_{V \in \mathcal{CH}_3} \bigcap_{W \in \mathcal{CH}$$

(wherein R<sup>6</sup> represents a hydrogen atom, a linear or branched lower alkyl group which may be substituted, or an aralkyl group which may be substituted, and X and Y have the same meanings as defined above).

Claim 18 (Withdrawn): A method for producing a compound represented by formula (p):

[F33]

$$COOA$$
 $COOA$ 
 $COOA$ 
 $COOA$ 

(wherein R<sup>2</sup> represents a lower alkyl group, A represents a hydrogen atom, an alkali metal atom, an alkaline earth metal atom, or an organic amine, X represents a hydrogen atom or a halogen atom, and Y represents a halogen atom or a lower alkoxy group) or a hydrate thereof, characterized by comprising reacting a compound represented by formula (l):

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(wherein R<sup>2</sup> has the same meaning as defined above, and R<sup>4</sup> represents an alkyl group which may be substituted or an aralkyl group which may be substituted) produced through a method according to any one of claims 7 to 10, with a compound represented by formula (n):

[F31]

$$\bigcap_{V \in \mathcal{C}H_3} \bigcap_{V \in \mathcal{C}H$$

(wherein R<sup>6</sup> represents a hydrogen atom, a linear or branched lower alkyl group which may be substituted, or an aralkyl group which may be substituted, and X and Y have the same meanings as defined above) to thereby produce a compound represented by formula (o):

[F32]

(wherein R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>4</sup>, X, and Y have the same meanings as defined above); and hydrolyzing the compound represented by formula (o).

Claim 19 (Withdrawn): A method for producing a compound represented by formula (o):

[F38]

$$COOR^4$$
 $CH_3$ 
 $COOR^4$ 

(wherein R<sup>2</sup> represents a lower alkyl group, R<sup>4</sup> represents an alkyl group which may be substituted or an aralkyl group which may be substituted, X represents a hydrogen atom or a halogen atom, and Y represents a halogen atom or a lower alkoxy group), characterized by comprising reacting a compound represented by formula (l):

[F34]

(wherein R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> have the same meanings as defined above) produced through a method according to any one of claims 7 to 10, with a compound represented by formula (s):

[F35]

$$H_2N$$
 $(s)$ 

(wherein X and Y have the same meanings as defined above) to thereby produce a compound represented by formula (t):

[F36]

(wherein R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>4</sup>, X, and Y have the same meanings as defined above); and reacting the compound represented by formula (t) with a compound represented by formula (u).

[F37]

Claim 20 (Withdrawn): A method for producing a compound represented by formula (p):

[F44]

$$COOA$$
 $COOA$ 
 $COOA$ 

(wherein R<sup>2</sup> represents a lower alkyl group, A represents a hydrogen atom, an alkali metal atom, an alkaline earth metal atom, or an organic amine, X represents a hydrogen atom or a halogen atom, and Y represents a halogen atom or a lower alkoxy group) or a hydrate thereof, characterized by comprising reacting a compound represented by formula (l):

[F39]

(wherein R<sup>2</sup> has the same meaning as defined above, and R<sup>4</sup> represents an alkyl group which may be substituted or an aralkyl group which may be substituted) produced through a method according to any one of claims 7 to 10, with a compound represented by formula (s):

[F40]

$$H_2N$$
 $(s)$ 

(wherein X and Y have the same meanings as defined above) to thereby produce a compound represented by formula (t):

[F41]

(wherein R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>4</sup>, X, and Y have the same meanings as defined above); reacting the compound represented by formula (t) with a compound represented by formula (u):

[F42]

to thereby produce a compound represented by formula (o):

[F43]

$$\bigcap_{V \in \mathcal{C}H_3}^{X} \bigcap_{V \in \mathcal{C}H_3}^{V} \bigcap_{V$$

(wherein R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>4</sup>, X, and Y have the same meanings as defined above); and hydrolyzing the compound represented by formula (o).

Claim 21 (Withdrawn): A method according to any one of claims 17 to 20, wherein  $R^2$  represents a methyl group or an ethyl group.

Claim 22 (Withdrawn): A method according to any one of claims 17 to 21, wherein X represents a chlorine atom or a fluorine atom.

Claim 23 (Withdrawn): A method according to any one of claims 17 to 22, wherein each of X and Y represents a chlorine atom.

Claim 24 (Withdrawn): A method according to any one of claim 18 and claims 20 to 23, wherein A represents sodium.